Hall	Ticket	Num	ber:

Code No. : 41024 S

VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD **B.E. IV Year I-Semester Supplementary Examinations, May-2019**

Managerial Economics & Accountancy

Time: 3 hours

(Civil, EEE & Mech. Engg.,)

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Part-A $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- What is the Scope of managerial economics? 1.
- 2. Differentiate between Risk & Uncertainty

Define demand. 3.

- 4. Discuss Cross Elasticity of Demand.
- 5. Explain briefly Economies of Scale.
- 6. List the assumptions of Breakeven Analysis.
- 7. Differentiate between NPV & IRR.
- 8. What is the significance of Pay Back period method?
- 9. Describe the Business Entity Concept.
- 10. Compare liquidity with solvency.

Part-B $(5 \times 10 = 50 Marks)$

11. a)	Analyse the usefulness of Managerial Economics to Engineers and how it is related to other branches of sciences.	[5]
b)	Discuss the concepts of Marginalism & Equi-marginalism.	[5]
12. a)	Write about the various methods of demand forecasting.	[5]
b)	Suppose the market demand for Parker brand pen is given by the equation $Q = 6,00,000 - 1,00,000P$ where Q is the number of pens demanded each year and P is the price in Rupees for a price increase from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per pen, what is the arc price elasticity	[5]
13. a)	What do you understand by cost Draw a long run cost diagram and explain.	[5]
b)	You are given the following particulars: Calculate break even point and sales to earn a profit of Rs. 20,000. Fixed cost Rs. 1,50,000; Variable cost per unit Rs. 15; Selling price per unit Rs. 30.	[5]
14. a)	Differentiate Gross Working capital from Net Working capital.	[2]
b)	 Matrix Ltd is buying one of the following two mutually exclusive investment projects. Project A: Buy a machine that requires an initial investment of Rs. 1, 00,000 and will generate the cash flows after tax of Rs. 30,000 per year for 6 years. Project B: Buy a machine that requires an initial investment of Rs. 1, 25,000 and will generate the cash flows after tax of Rs 20,000 for 12 years. Assuming that the company uses 10% cost of capital, calculate NPV and state which project do you recommend? Why? 	[8]

[5]

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Briefly outline the reasons for discrepancy between cash book and pass book

15. a)

b) Prepare a triple column cash book from the following particulars [5] 2008 June Particulars 1 Cash in Hand Rs. 600/-Cash at Bank Rs.1500/-1. 5. Cash purchases Rs.500/-7. A Cheque received from Mr. Y Rs.1980/-, Discount allowed Rs.20/-9 Cheque from 'Y' deposited into bank Rs. 1980/-Cash sales Rs. 1500/- out of which Rs.500/- was deposited into the 13 bank 15 Rafi settled his account Rs.800/-; Discount allowed to him 5% 16. a) "Managerial economics is the integration of economic theory with business practice for [5] the purpose of facilitating decision-making and forward planning by manager". Explain and comment. b) With a help of a neat diagram explain the relationship between marginal revenue, total [5] revenue, marginal cost and total cost function. 17. Answer any two of the following: a) Explain how price-output determination is done under Perfect Competition [5] b) Discuss any five working capital determinants. [5] c) Briefly list out the classification of various types of ratios. [5] ****